

Exercise 1

$\{N > 0 \wedge N = n\}$	% \equiv Pre
$Z := 1$	
$\{Pre \wedge Z = 1\}$	% annotation
WHILE $N > 0$ DO	
$\{N \geq 0 \wedge Z * M^N = M^n\}$	% \equiv Inv
BEGIN	
$Z := Z * M;$	
$N := N - 1;$	
END;	
$\{Z = M^n\}$	% \equiv Post

Exercise 2

Prove partial correctness of the guarded command program specification:

$$\{x \geq 0\} \ y := 1; \star[y \times y \leq x \rightarrow y := y + 1]; \ y := y - 1 \ \{y^2 \leq x < (y + 1)^2\}$$

Hint: try with invariant $(y - 1)^2 \leq x$

Exercise 3

Given an annotated program $S_1 || S_2$ verify if it is interference free and prove the partial correctness of S_1 and S_2 separately.

$$\begin{aligned} P_1 &\equiv \{x \leq 4 \wedge y = 2\} \\ S_1 &: \langle x \geq 2 \rightarrow y := y - 2 \rangle \\ Q_1 &\equiv \{y \leq x \wedge x \geq 0\} \\ &\parallel \\ P_2 &\equiv \{x \geq 0 \wedge y \geq 0\} \\ S_2 &: \langle x = 4 \wedge y = 1 \rightarrow z := x - 3 \rangle \\ Q_2 &\equiv \{y + 2 \leq x\} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 4

Specify the cooperation tests for channels C and D

$$\begin{aligned} P &\equiv \{x = 6 \wedge u = 0 \wedge y - x = 6\} \\ P_1 &\equiv \{x \geq 5 \wedge y > 7\} \\ S_1 &: \langle C! x + 3; \{x > 0 \wedge y \geq 7\} \langle D? y \rangle; \{y > 10 \wedge x > 0\} \rangle \\ Q_1 &\equiv \{y > 9 \wedge x > 0\} \\ &\parallel \\ P_2 &\equiv \{u = 0\} \\ S_2 &: \langle C? u \rangle; \{u = 8\} \langle D! u + 5 \rangle \\ &\square \\ S_2 &: \langle C? u \rangle; \langle u := u - 1 \rangle \{u = 7\} \langle D! u + 5 \rangle \\ Q_2 &\equiv \{u < 9\} \\ Q &\equiv \{x > 0 \wedge u < 10 \wedge y > 0\} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 5

Let R and T be nonempty sets of natural numbers. Consider the following partitioning algorithm $S_1 \parallel S_2$, where

$$S_1 \equiv \text{max} := \text{max}(R); c?mn; d!\text{max}; \\ \star[\text{max} > mn \rightarrow R := (R \setminus \{\text{max}\}) \cup \{mn\}; \text{max} := \text{max}(R); \\ c?mn; d!\text{max}]$$
$$S_2 \equiv \text{min} := \text{min}(T); c!\text{min}; d?\text{mx}; \\ \star[\text{mx} > \text{min} \rightarrow T := (T \setminus \{\text{min}\}) \cup \{\text{mx}\}; \text{min} := \text{min}(T); \\ c!\text{min}; d?\text{mx}]$$

Prove, by means of the method of Levin & Gries,

$$\{R = R_0 \neq \emptyset \wedge T = T_0 \neq \emptyset \wedge R \cap T = \emptyset\} S_1 \parallel S_2 \\ \{ |R| = |R_0| \wedge |T| = |T_0| \wedge R \cup T = R_0 \cup T_0 \wedge \text{max}(R) < \text{min}(T) \}$$

where, for a set A , $|A|$ denotes the number of elements of A , and R_0 and T_0 are logical variables denoting a finite set of natural numbers.