ITI8740/ITX8522: Software Development Team Project.

07. Metrics.

Martin Verrev @taltech.ee

"As we know, there are known knowns; there are things we know we know. We also know there are known unknowns; that is to say we know there are some things we do not know. But there are also unknown unknowns — the ones we don't know we don't know."

The response US Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld gave to a question at a U.S. Department of Defense (DoD) news briefing on February 12, 2002, about the lack of evidence linking the government of Iraq with the supply of weapons of mass destruction to terrorist groups.



outh Asia

Business

cience &

ironment

chnology

tainment

the news

and Audio

grammes

Your Say

n Pictures

ry Profiles

al Reports

BBC SITES

WEATHER

THIS DAY

DRS' BLOG

NGUAGES

ESPAÑOL

ARIBBEAN

BRASIL

SPORT

Health

Watch One-Minute World News



News services Your news when you want

Last Updated: Tuesday, 2 December, 2003, 01:09 GMT ont Page E-mail this to a friend



Rum remark wins Rumsfeld an award

US Defence Secretary Africa Donald Rumsfeld has won a Americas "Foot in Mouth" award for a-Pacific one of his now legendary Europe bizarre remarks. ddle East

> Mr Rumsfeld won the prize for comments made at a news conference in February last year which left observers baffled.



Rumsfeld tries to make a point...

"There are known knowns; there are things we know we know. We also know there are known unknowns," he said.

The British Plain English Campaign annually hands out the prize for the most nonsensical remark made by a public figure.

Stiff competition

A spokesman for the organisation, which tries to ensure public information is delivered in a clear manner, said Mr Rumsfeld's remarks were typical of the kind of comments they were trying to prevent.

"We think we know what he means," he told Reuters news agency.

66 Reports that say that something hasn't happened are always interesting to me, because as we know, there are known knowns; there are things we know we know. We also know there are known unknowns; that is to say we know there are some things we do not know. But there are also unknown unknowns - the ones we don't know we don't know

▶ AUDIO Donald Rumsfeld's winning comment

SEE ALSO:

- Plain-speaking Rumsfeld stri
- 12 Mar 03 | Americas
- Introducing... The Nonsense League Table 28 Jul 03 | Magazine
- Profile: Donald Rumsfeld 20 Sep 01 | Americas

RELATED INTERNET LINKS:

- * US Defense Department
- Plain English Campaign
- Slate's Poetry of Donald Rur
- Donald Rumsfeld Fan Page
- The BBC is not responsible fo content of external internet s

TOP AMERICAS STORIES

- US lifts lid on WikiLeaks pro
- Iran scientist heads home
- Argentina legalises gay mar



News feeds

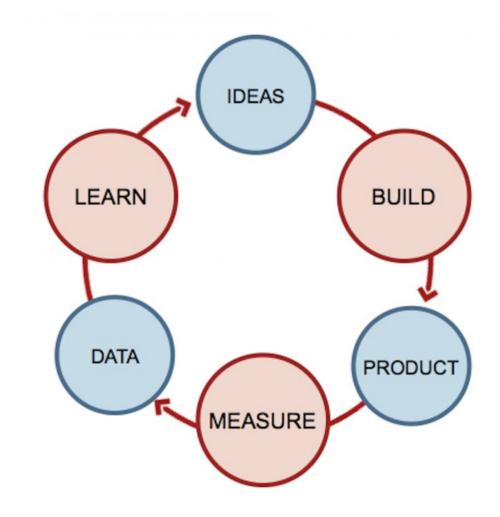
"But we don't know if we really know."

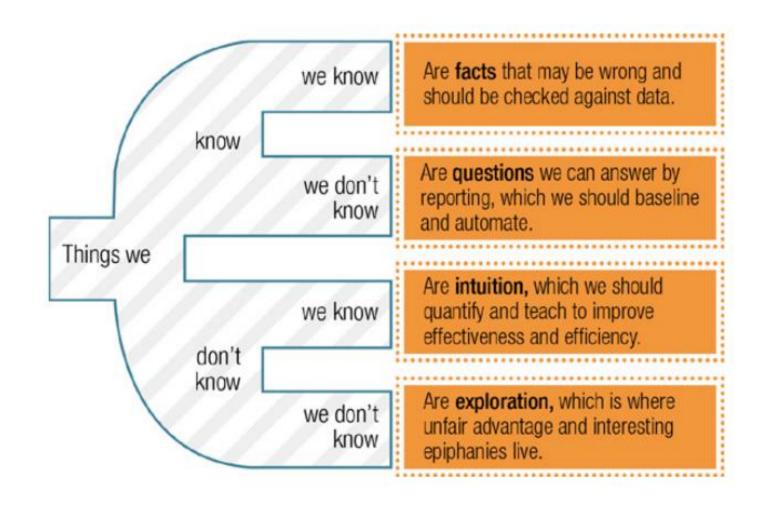
Mr Rumsfeld fought off stiff competition for the award from actor turned California governor Arnold Schwarzenegger among others.

Mr Schwarzenegger weighed in on the gay marriage debate

What we know already

- 1. Document your plan
- 2. Identify the riskiest part of the plan
- 3. Systematically **test** your plan





Measurement is set of observations that reduce uncertainty where the result is expressed as a quantity.

D.W. Hubbard. How to Measure Anything: Finding the Value of *Intangibles* in Business. https://www.howtomeasureanything.com/

Measure is a classification of raw data such as a number or value.

Metric is a quantifiable measure that is used to track and assess the status of a specific process.

Analytics is about tracking the metrics that are critical to your business.

A Good Metric

- Comparative. Being able to compare a metric to other periods, groups etc. helps you understand which way things are moving.
- Understandable. If people cannot remember and discuss it, it's much harder to turn a change in the data into a change in the culture.
- **Usually a ratio or a rate.** Ratios are comparative, easier to act on than raw data; and also good for comparing factors that are somehow opposed (eg. cost-vs-time) or for which there's an inherent tension.
- Actionable. A good metric changes the way you behave.

Accounting vs Experimental

Accounting Metrics

Make your predictions more accurate. Show how close you are to an ideal model and if your results are match your business plan.

Example: Sales revernue for period.

Experimental Metrics

Optimize the product, pricing, or market. Changes in metrics change the product. Agree on change before you collect the data: if > 50% respondents say they won't pay for a feature, don't build it; if MVP doesn't increase order size by X%, try something else. *Example:* Results of a test.

Five Considerations for Choosing Metrics.

1. Qualitative vs Quantitative.

Qualitative metrics are unstructured, anecdotal, revealing, and hard to aggregate; quantitative metrics involve numbers and statistics, and provide hard data but less insight.

2. Vanity vs Actionable.

Vanity metrics might make you feel good, but they don't change how you act. Actionable metrics change your behavior by helping you pick a course of action.

Five Considerations for Choosing Metrics.

3. Exploratory vs Reporting.

Exploratory metrics are speculative and try to find unknown insights to give you the upper hand, while reporting metrics keep you abreast of normal, managerial, day-to-day operations.

4. Leading vs Lagging.

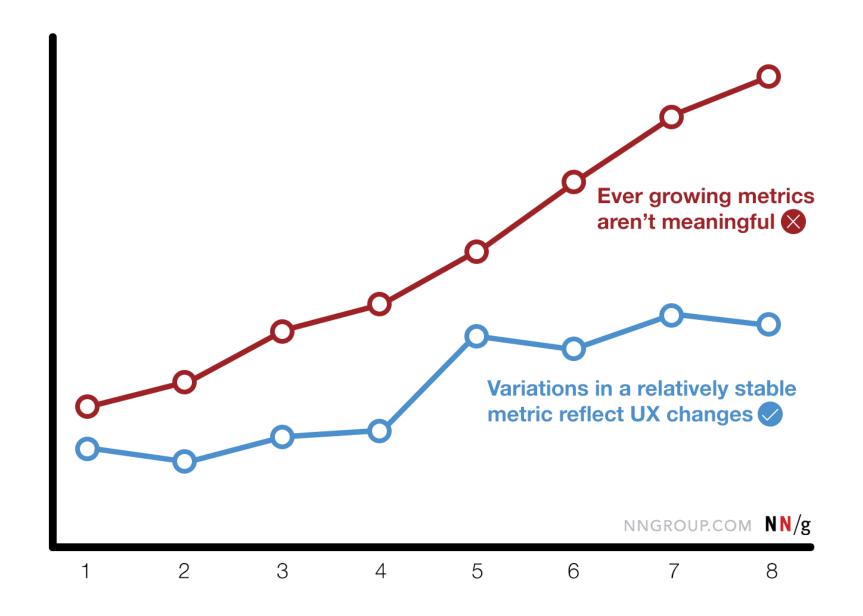
Leading metrics give you a predictive understanding of the future; lagging metrics explain the past. Leading metrics are better because you still have time to act on them - the horse hasn't left the barn yet.

Five Considerations for Choosing Metrics.

5. Correlated vs Causal.

If two metrics change together, they are correlated, but if one causes another to change, they're causal. If you find a causal relationship between something you want (eg revenue) and something you can control (eg showing ads), then you can change the future.

Vanity metrics are metrics that make you look good to others but do not help you understand your own performance in a way that informs future strategies. These metrics are exciting to point to if you want to appear to be improving, but they often aren't actionable and aren't related to anything you can control or repeat in a meaningful way



Vanity Metrics Checklist

- total signups: Tells us nothing about what those users are doing or whether they're valuable to us.
- total active users: a little better but still increase over time.
- # of hits: problematic if your site has many objects. Count people instead.
- # of page views: Count people instead.
- # of visits: is it one or many people.
- # of unique visitors: tells you nothing about what they did, why, or if they left.
- # of followers/friends/likes: nothing more than a popularity contest.
- #Time of site/number of pages: poor substitute for actual engagement.
- Emails collected: collected does not mean opened and acted on what's inside them.

In a startup, you don't always know which metrics are key, because you're not entirely sure what business you're in. You're frequently changing the activity you analyze. You're still trying to find the right product, or the right target audience. In a startup, the purpose of analytics is to find your way to the right product and market before the money runs out.



AARRR Metrics (also: Pirate Metrics)

A framework for product-led growth businesses

Goals

- show companies how to narrow the focus to only metrics that can directly affect the health of their business
- help these companies use the right data to gauge the success of their product management and marketing efforts, then improve those initiatives that aren't working.

Customer Lifecycle

- Acquisition: Where do users come from?
- Activation: How to turn users into active customers.
- Retention: How to make customers come back.
- Referral: How to get customers recommend your service.
- Revenue: How to make customers pay.

The AARRR Framework

(Growth Funnel)



AARRR Cheatsheet

Stage	Metrics
Acquisition	Traffic, mentions, cost per click, search results, cost of acquisition, open rate
Activation	enrollments, signups, completed onboarding process, used the service at least once, subscriptions
Retention	engagement, time since last visit, daily and monthly active use, churns
Revenue	Customer lifetime value, conversion rate, shopping cart size, click-through revenue
Referral	Invites sent, viral coefficient, viral cycle time

The One Metric That Matters (OMTM)

Pick OMTM

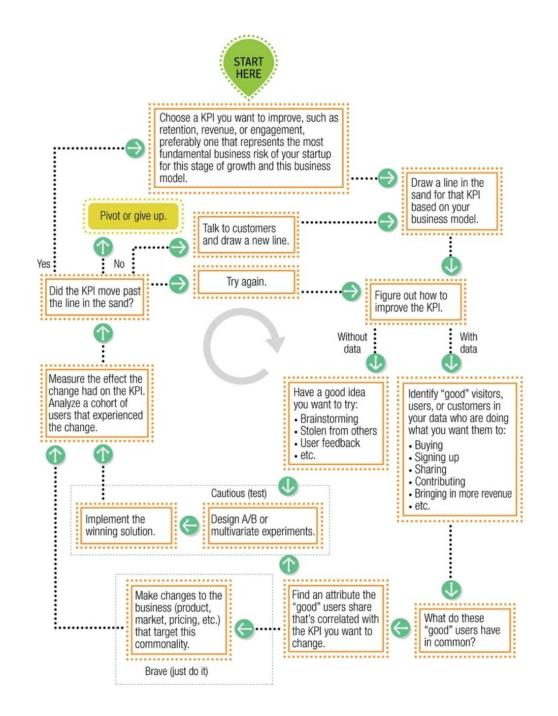
Pick a metric from the riskiest portion of your business.

- 1. Picking and using a OMTM gives you a single metric that **answers the most important question you have**.
- 2. The OMTM forces you to draw a line in the sand. Picking a metric implies picking a goal to hit.
- 3. **It focuses the entire company.** Having an OMTM focuses your entire company and avoids trying to report too many things: *(data puking)*.
- 4. **It inspires a culture of experimentation.** You make what you measure. Focusing on a single metric, you push your team to run experiments to move the metric upward.

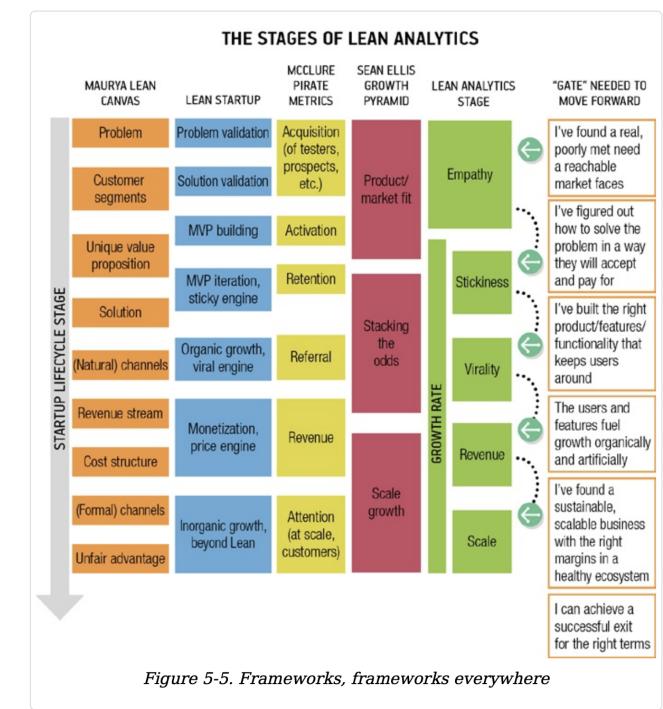
Lean Analytics Cycle

Lean Analytics is about finding a meaningful metric and running experiments to improve it until that metric is good enough to move to the next problem or the next stage of your business.

Full Image: https://pbs.twimg.com/media/EON0yPOUcAAUDXD?
format=jpg&name=large



- Empathy Looking for a real, poorly-met problem, then, figuring out how to solve that in a way customers will accept and pay for.
- Stickiness Finding the right mix of features that keeps users around.
- 3. **Virality** Finding ways to fuel growth organically and artificially.
- 4. Revenue* Finding a scalable and sustainable business.
- 5. **Scale** Finding a way to scale up the business.



Lean Analytics: Use Data to Build a Better Startup Faster

Alistair Croll. Benjamin Yoskovitz.

https://leananalyticsbook.com/

"Your competition will use this book to outgrow you."

- Mike Volpe, Hubspot

THE LEAN SERIES

Alistair Croll & Benjamin Yoskovitz



Use Data to Build a Better Startup Faster



Eric Ries, Series Editor

Story: Out of the picture: why the world's best photo startup is going out of business. https://www.theverge.com/2013/11/5/50392
16/everpix-life-and-death-inside-the-worlds-best-photo-startup

Overview: Crunchbase. https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/
everpix

Metrics: Everpix Intelligence. https://
github.com/everpix/Everpix-
Intelligence

everpix

We gave it our all. Thank you, again.
We'll miss it dearly.

Further Reading

- A Founder's Guide to Startup Metrics. https://medium.com/swlh/startupmetrics-370a07de9ff7
- Vanity Metrics: Definition, How To Identify Them, And Examples. https:// www.tableau.com/learn/articles/vanity-metrics
- Andreessen Horowitz 16 Startup Metrics. https://a16z.com/2015/08/21/16-metrics/
- Seth Godin's Blog Avoiding False Metrics. https://seths.blog/2012/05/avoiding-false-metrics/.
- Startup Metrics for Pirates: AARRR! Dave McClure. https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=irjgfW0Blrw
- AARRR Metrics Presentation: https://www.slideshare.net/slideshow/startup-metrics-for-pirates-long-version/89026

Thank you!